

Summary of Security-Related Issues throughout Indonesia

The following selected information was compiled from local media sources and submissions by AGI, Hill & Associates, and media reports. We are deeply grateful to the contributors. This report contains information on a broad spectrum of security concerns and incidents which have occurred in Indonesia during the reporting period. Readers are advised that while there are security risks that companies and individuals need to be aware of, avoid or address, Indonesia is a country of over 230 million people living on 17,500 islands that stretch over 4,800 kms. The vast majority of foreign companies that operate in Indonesia, and expatriates who reside in or visit the country, do so without incident providing sensible security precautions are taken.

TERRORISM INCIDENTS AND ISSUES

Alleged Terrorists Arrested: National Police announced 5 July that Detachment (Densus) 88 carried out a series of arrests and had taken seven suspected terrorists into custody in Jakarta and Surabaya. The suspects are alleged to have been involved in terror operations and in smuggling weapons into Indonesia from the Philippines. Police seized firearms from the suspects, who police believe had been smuggling weapons into Indonesia via the Malaysian town of Tawau (on the southern border of Sabah with East Kalimantan), Nunukan, Palu and Surabaya. On 6 July Densus 88 raided two houses in Koja, North Jakarta, belonging to two terrorist suspects who were included in the police wanted list. The suspects were not at the addresses but the police confiscated jihad books. The following day, a Detachment 88 squad raided a house located in Jl Merpati, West Cengkareng, West Jakarta. Two terrorist suspects, who are spouses, were arrested. Two weapons, an air soft gun, and a sword were confiscated. The police yet to supply any further information relating to this arrest.

Suspected JI Terrorist Dies Teaching Bomb Making at Islamic Boarding School

On 11 July suspected JI terrorist Firdaus blew himself up as he was teaching students how to make bombs at the Umar bin Khattab School, an Islamic boarding school in Bima, Sumbawa Island. Following the death of Firdaus, school officials and students at the Umar bin Khattab School blockaded the school and prevented police from entering. The blockade was eventually lifted late the following day when the authorities deployed four platoons of police and military, but school authorities and students continued to prevent the police from entering the school to investigate the explosion. The school's staff and students were armed with swords, requiring police to negotiate to enter the school, which they eventually did. After the roadblocks were lifted three civilians were taken to hospital with gunshot wounds.

Upon entering the school, police discovered the school's principal, Abrory, and students had already fled. During a room-by-room search, they discovered some rooms had been booby trapped and explosions went off as they opened doors. Police eventually found 30 bombs, various sharp weapons, and a uniform waistcoat with the words Laskar Jamaah Ansory Tauhid (Ansory Islamic Fighters) on it. Abrory and other suspects were eventually caught, and on 20 July police charged him and five suspects under the terrorism law.

The Umar bin Khattab School was opened by Abrory eight years ago and had 49 students. National Police said they believed the bomb was to have been used in an attack against the police. Two weeks before the incident a 16-year-old student at the school was arrested for stabbing a police officer to death. The school has links to Bali Bomber Umar Patek (see below) and to Jamaah Ansharut Tauhid (JAT) the hard-line group founded by Abu Bakar Bashir, who is currently in jail following his conviction for terrorist offences.

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Bima is known to be a stronghold for hard-line Islamists with connections to the Southern Philippines, and Firdaus reportedly was trained in bomb making in the Philippines.

19 July – Bali Bomber Patek to be Transferred to Indonesia: The National Counter Terrorist Agency (BNPT) announced that Bali bomber Umar Patek, currently in custody in Pakistan, will be transferred to Jakarta to face trial. No formal charges have been filed, but charges of murder and possession of explosives are expected. The BNPT said Indonesia would face difficulties in bringing Patek to justice, noting the Bali bombings occurred before Indonesia enacted its counter-terrorism laws, which are not retroactive. Following the Bali bombing in 2002, Patek and others fled to the south of the Philippines where they operated first with the MILF and then with the Abu Sayaf Terrorist group. Patek was arrested in January by the Pakistani authorities close to the mansion used by Osama bin Laden.

21 July – Terrorists Planned to Attack Singapore Embassy in Jakarta: Brig. Gen. Petrus Golose announced interrogations of arrested terrorist suspects revealed that they had planned to attack the Singapore Embassy in Jakarta because the Government of Singapore has close ties to Israel. Abu Umar also known as Zulkiflar, was arrested recently and disclosed details of the plan to attack the embassy. The suspects who were found with weapons and ammunition including pistols, rifles, silencers and a sub-machine gun, and had planned to target Singaporeans coming out of the embassy compound in Central Jakarta. General Petrus said the Singapore Embassy was the only diplomatic office in Jakarta that was targeted, but there is concern that other embassies may be targeted.

Singapore has long been considered a valid target by terrorist groups in Indonesia and in 2001 a plan to attack the British, US, Australian and Israeli embassies in Singapore was uncovered and led to the prompt arrest of 26 suspects in Singapore and others arrested in Malaysia. Last year, Indonesian security officials uncovered a plot by JI terrorists to attack the Singapore Mass Rapid Transit (MRT) network when a map was found in a JI safe house with the busy Orchard Road underground station circled on a map. The Singapore Ministry of Home Affairs issued a travel warning advising its citizens in Indonesia to exercise vigilance and to be mindful of their public safety and the Singapore Foreign Ministry website advised its nationals to reregister with the embassy.

25 July – Military to Become Involved in Terrorism Prevention: The National Anti-Terrorism Agency (BNPT) agreed that the Indonesian Military (TNI) should become involved in curbing religious radicals throughout the country. The Minister for Political, Legal and Security Affairs stated the government was determined to make security and strengthening anti-terror efforts a priority, and the police and the military should work together on an effective early detention system designed to curb terrorism at its earliest stages. Analysts say inclusion of the military in the fight against terrorism makes sense since the military has representation at the grassroots level with non-commissioned officers working with village officials throughout the land. It is envisaged the Babinsa would be in a position to promote development and at the same time to counter radicals by the collection of intelligence on radical activities and by reminding clerics of the need to avoid radicalism. There have been concerns by the BNPT leadership regarding the lack of resources and tools to prevent terrorism.

REGIONAL TERRORISM

Soldiers Shot in Papua

On **5 July** three soldiers were shot while patrolling Kalome village in Tingginambut District in Papua. It was reported that a number of men appeared and attempted to prevent the soldiers from carrying out their patrol. A shootout ensued and one soldier was shot.

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When reinforcements and medics arrived on the scene further shots were fired and two other soldiers were injured. The injured soldiers were evacuated to the Mulia Hospital in Puncak Jaya before being transferred to the Jayapura Hospital for further treatment. On 24 June a police officer was attacked by five men who took his pistol and shot him in the head with it. On **12 July**, five soldiers were wounded during a gunfight with suspected members of OPM in the Puncak Jaya area of Papua. The soldiers were evacuated for treatment at the hospital in Jayapura. Reports indicated the soldiers were taking part in a raid on a group of suspected OPM members. However the Cendrawasih Military Command denied the raid account and claimed they were carrying out social work in the area. On **21 July** a TNI soldier was killed instantly when he was shot in the head when an group of armed men ambushed a military patrol in the Puncak Jaya district of Papua. A military spokesman said they believed that the attackers were OPM members. Analysts believe the OPM may be trying to flex its muscles following the death last year of its leader, Kelly Kwalik, who was shot by police during a raid on his hiding place.

Former GAM General Shot

On 22 July former GAM general, Saiful Huesin, alias Teuku Cagee, was shot dead in Matang Geulumpang Du, Bireuen, NAD. It was reported he was relaxing with friends when a man appeared and shot him in the chest and head. The police are investigating the case and the motive is still unknown.

CIVIL UNREST AND POLITICAL VIOLENCE INCIDENTS AND ISSUES

4 July – Labor Strike at Freeport in Papua: About 2,000 employees of PT Freeport Indonesia and are members of Indonesian Workers Union held a strike by rallying from Grasberg mine to Portside in the company's contract of works, Timika, Papua. They were protesting the failed negotiations between the company and union leaders regarding workers dismissals.

4 July – Court Decision Prompts Clash in South Sulawesi: A clash between the locals of Samandete Village and police occurred in front of the Konawe District Court, Southeast Sulawesi. The clash was triggered by a Court decision that found in favor of PT Sultra Prima Lestari over 3,000 hectares of land.

7 July – Vandalism in Central Jakarta: A Transjakarta bus was damaged following an accident involving a pedestrian in a busway corridor on Jl. Hasyin Ashari, Central Jakarta. Bystanders immediately attacked the bus, but the driver managed to fell the scene. The pedestrian was rushed into a hospital suffering broken bones.

7 July – Residents and Troops Clash Over Waste: A clash between Kompak NGO and Indonesian Troops occurred at an interchange at Teluk Jembe District, Karawang, West Java. The clash was triggered by disagreement over the allocation of waste management from a factory in the industrial area.

10 July – Residents of Ternate Block Street Access: Residents blocked a number of roads in the area of Mangga Dua and Ubo-Ubo, Ternate, North Maluku, to conduct raids against Ubo-Ubo residents in the area. The raids were carried out as retaliation for the killing of Mangga Dua residents during a brawl between the two regions. Police officers remained on alert on the border between the two regions.

11 July – Vandalism in Baubau, Southeast Sulawesi: At least 1,000 people, mostly ojek drivers, attacked the Baubau Legislative Office in Southeast Sulawesi. The attack was triggered by a traffic police traffic sweep on motorbikes they considered to be unfair. The mob damaged office facilities after none of the legislators agreed to meet them.

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14 July – FBR Rally against Greenpeace: Around 100 members of the Betawi Brotherhood Forum (FBR) staged a rally against Greenpeace at its Jakarta Headquarters in Kemang. The FBR group demanded and got access to the Greenpeace compound and verbally abused the country head in Indonesia Nur Hidayati. The FBR demanded that Greenpeace register with the Jakarta City Administration, but Greenpeace said they were registered with the Ministry of Justice and Human Rights. About 50 police officers were on hand to prevent a clash and no actual violence occurred.

21 July – FPI Raids Resume Around the Country: Members of the Makassar FPI raided several stores located in Mariso and Unjung Pandang, South Sulawesi, which were allegedly selling unlicensed liquors. They also raided night entertainment spots, demanding them to stop their operations during the fasting month. The FPI threatened to use their power to stop the business if their demands were not heard.

On 24 July, dozens of Islamic FPI members raided the city of Depok in a convoy asking residents to respect the month of fasting. They demanded people not to drink or eat in public and for restaurant to be closed during Ramadhan. They also threatened night entertainment spots, saying they would force closings during Ramadhan.

On 25 July, dozens of FPI raided two liquor warehouses in Kalibawang, Kulonprogo Regency, Yogyakarta. They confiscated hundreds of bottles but admitted their action was not approved by the police. They also said they showed the confiscated evidence to the police before it was demolished outside the police office.

25 July – Demonstration in Sidoarjo, East Java: At least 1,000 Lapindo mud victims from the Kahuripan Nirwana Village housings in Sidoarjo, East Java, held a demonstration by blockading the entrance of the Sidoarjo – Porong – Surabaya toll road. They demanded Lapindo Brantas Inc. provide house certificates and electricity. The action caused heavy traffic.

28 July – Road Blockaded in Binjai, North Sumatra: Dozens of people blockaded the entrance to the PTPN plantation area in Binjai, North Sumatra. They were armed with petrol bombs and sharp weapons and prevented the employees from entering the area.

VIOLENT CRIME INCIDENTS AND ISSUES

3 July – Robbery in Depok, West Java: In the early morning hours, six men broke into Asep Hendro Racing Sport workshop located in Jl Tole Iskandar, Depok, West Java. They threatened a security guard and a policeman with guns and sharp weapons before tying them up and locking them inside a room. The robbers broke the warehouse door with a crowbar and took a safety box filled with important documents, including 20 land and 60 vehicle certificates. They also took the recorded data from the CCTV camera. The police and the owner believe the robbery to be an inside job since they robbers seemed to know exactly the location of the safety box and the fact that they only took documents and didn't take valuables such as spare parts and computers.

11 July – Ampera Riot Gang Sentenced: The South Jakarta District Court found five defendants in the Ampera Raya riot case guilty of destruction, persecution and murder and sentenced them to prison terms of 3 to 5 years in jail. The riot occurred 29 September 2010 during a hearing related to a brawl at the Blowfish nightclub. Supporters from rival groups clashed outside the court, resulting in the deaths of three gang members and 10 injuries. The Jakarta police deployed over 800 officers to prevent further violence as the verdicts were announced.

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11 July – Gold Robbery in Lumajang, East Java: Six armed men robbed the MS Jaya gold store in Nogosari Village, Lumajang, East Java. They threatened the store owner and customers by firing their guns into the air. The robbers stole 1.5 kg of gold before they were confronted by a patrolling police officer, who shot two of them. Four of the robbers managed to run and one of the two who were shot died in hospital.

13 July – Attempted Robbery in Yogyakarta: At 0115 six men armed with sharp weapons broke into a warehouse of Unilever in Jl Ring road, Bantul Yogyakarta, and immobilized four of the security guards. While they were attempting to break into the safe the police came having received a call from one of the employees who became aware of the robbery. One of the robbers was arrested but the others managed to escape.

16 July – Robbery in Tegal, Central Java: Six men robbed five pesantren students on a goods train en route from Jakarta to Surabaya. When the train was in Tegal, Central Java, the robbers came and threatened the students with sharp weapons. After getting their valuables, the robbers threw them off the train, causing the death of one of the students and badly injuring the others.

25 July – Taxi Driver Robbed in Bekasi: At 2200, a Blue Bird taxi driver was robbed in Jl Kalimalang, Cibitung, Bekasi. It was reported that two men stopped the taxi in Lapangan Multiguna, East Bekasi and asked to be dropped in Tambun. In the middle of the trip, they suddenly strangled the driver and threatened to shoot him if he wasn't cooperating. One of the robbers who sat in the front took the driver's cell and Rp440,000 and escaped. The driver immediately attacked the other robber, which drew attention from the bystanders and resulted in the robber's arrest.

26 July – Attempted Robbery in Bekasi: An attempted robbery occurred in a house on Jl Taman Narogong, Bekasi. It was reported the robber came inside the house by pretending to be there to fix a gas cylinder. The maid allowed him in because the gas inside was actually leaking. After entering the house, the robber attacked the maid with a kitchen knife, stabbing her in the waist. Thinking the maid is dead, the robber took off empty handed. The police managed to arrest the robber two hours later after the injured maid sought help from neighbors. The robber, who lived nearby, admitted he planned the robbery and had been monitoring the house activities for days before decided to enter.

28 July – Ahmadiyah Attackers Receive Light Sentences: The Serang District Court found the 12 suspects charged with attacking an Ahmadiyah community in Cikeusik guilty and sentenced them to between 3 and 6 months in jail. The killings of the Ahmadis occurred when a mob of more than 1,500 attacked the community members, savagely beating some to death. The beatings were caught on video and posted on the internet. Lawyers for the accused claimed they should get a light sentence because the Ahmadis should not have posted the videos online. Human rights groups protested the sentences as too lenient and expressed fears that light sentences will encourage further attacks.

NON-VIOLENT CRIME INCIDENTS

Armed Robbery in Bandar Lampung: Six armed men stole jewelry and cash worth Rp3 billion (circa \$330,000 USD) from the office of a state owned fiduciary company in Bandar Lampung regency, Lampung province, injuring guards.

2 July – Theft in Denpasar, Bali: Two men broke into a house on Jl Morotai, Denpasar, Bali. According to a witness, two men arrived on a motorbike and knocked on the house's door. Not being suspicious, the witness continued his activity at his own house. An hour

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later he noticed the victim's house was left with open doors and he found there had been a theft. The police stated that the thieves stole Rp6 million in cash and gold jewelries.

4 July – Theft in Bali: A 39-year-old American female lost valuables while staying at Villa Praja Sebali in Keliki Village, Tegalalang District, Bali. According to the owner, I Wayan Tana, at around 0300 he heard noises coming from the villa but decided to go back to sleep because the noises only lasted for a minute. The following day, he heard the victim screaming after finding that her valuables were gone. The thief took \$600 in cash, a cell phone, and a camera. Police said security at the villa probably was inadequate.

4 July – Police Arrest ATM Thief in Bogor: Police arrested a man responsible for a theft from a BCA ATM in Kemang Parung, Bogor, West Java. The suspect worked for PT TAG, an ATM money refill service company that is a partner of several private banks. The week prior to the arrest, the suspect had secretly kept a key to one of the ATM machines and stole the safety box from the machine. A customer found him in the middle of the action and became suspicious, but the suspect was able to show him a PT TAG employee card, causing the witness to stop questioning him. The following day, the police arrested the suspect at his house after investigating the theft from CCTV camera footage and the testimony from the witness. They confiscated Rp158 million.

25 July – Thirty Chinese Citizens Arrested in Surabaya: Police arrested 34 Chinese citizens, including seven illegal immigrants, from two elite housing areas, Manyar and Sutorejo Prima Indah, in Surabaya, East Java. The police raided the houses based on suspicion illegal behavior. It turned out the suspects they were allegedly conducting an illegal online gambling business.

27 July – Nigerian Internet Scammer Arrested: Police arrested a Nigerian national and his Indonesian girlfriend for allegedly scamming Indonesian female victims of \$234,000 in a series of internet scams. Williams befriended his victims on Facebook claiming to be a member of the British Military and close to Libyan leader Moammar Gadhafi. He claimed he had sent his female victims \$5 million in cash and jewelry given to him by Gadhafi but it could not be delivered due to problems with Indonesian customs. He then asked his victims to transfer Rp60 million so he could take care of the customs administration fees. Williams is the fifth Nigerian arrested of late for similar internet scams.

ENVIRONMENTAL INCIDENTS AND ISSUES

Floods

7 and 20-21 July – Samarinda: Floods occurred in Samarinda City, East Kalimantan due to continuous heavy rain lasting three hours in the city. Hundreds of houses were inundated. On 20-21 July, the East Kalimantan Trans Road, Jl DI Panjaitan, was blocked by one-meter-deep flood water. The road connects Samarinda to Bontang and other cities in Kalimantan and was covered by sand from coal mines in the vicinity.

Earthquakes

8 July – Gorontalo: At 1224 an earthquake measuring 5.5 on the Richter scale occurred 151 kilometers of Southeast Gorontalo, North Sulawesi. No damage or casualties.

8 July – Bengkulu: At 0840 a 5.0 Richter scale occurred 170 kilometers south west of Bengkulu, South Sumatra. No damage or casualties.

14 July – Mount Lokon, North Sulawesi: After more than one week of increasing alert levels from the National Disaster Management Agency, Mount Lokon had its most powerful eruption to date, forcing villagers in the area to evacuate. The more than 2,000 refugees were from Kinilow, Kinilow I and Kakaskasen villages, North Tomohon sub district, which is located close to the volcano. The evacuation process was carried out by the To-

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mohon authorities, the staff of National Disaster Aid Agency, the Indonesian Red Cross (PMI), military personnel and local youth organization members. One person was reported to have died during the evacuation process due to a stroke. On 17 July Mount Lokon had an even larger eruption and sent ash clouds up to 3,500 meters into the air and rocks flying around its core. Overall, more than 5,000 inhabitants have been evacuated and the volcanic eruptions continue.

INDUSTRIAL AND TRANSPORTATION INCIDENTS AND ISSUES

ICAO Says Indonesian Air Safety Improved: The United Nations International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) announced that Indonesia's airline industry had improved considerably since 2007, when a spate of safety incidents saw the country's airlines barred from European airspace. The ICAO said that 80% of Indonesian airline companies achieved international safety standards in 2011.

3 July Manado Airport Closed: The government announced the temporary suspension of operations at Sam Ratulangi Airport in Manado, North Sulawesi, due to the danger to aircraft from a volcanic ash cloud from Mount Soputan which erupted early in the morning. Initially the airport was closed for three hours but the continuance of the ash cloud forced authorities to extend the closure to the following morning. Local inhabitants Manado residents were advised to stay at home to avoid respiratory ailments.

3 July – Haze in Dumai, Riau: Thick haze covered Dumai, Riau, due to forest fires. Three morning flights at Pinai Kampai Airport were delayed to afternoon due to limited visibility, which was only 500 meters at one point. Locals in Medang District suffered from respiratory ailments and eye irritation.

5 July – Industrial Action Hits Soekarno-Hatta Airport: Hundreds of freight handlers, shipping and transport company employees staged a rally and strike at Soekarno-Hatta airport's cargo handling facility, bringing all cargo operations to a complete halt. The action was prompted by the implementation Monday of a new system of checks on air cargo involving much enhanced x-ray scanning of packages and a significant increase in the price charged for such checks. The charge for scanning was increased from Rp60 to Rp850 per kilogram and the time taken to security check cargos went from one hour to as much as seven hours. At the same time, freight charges increased from Rp60,000 to Rp250,000 per kilo. The strikers complained they were not satisfied with the background information regarding the appointment of the three private companies that won the contracts to carry out the checking, and they claimed there had been no bid process. The government agreed to delay implementation of the new regulations until at least August.

7 July – Haze in Sampit, East Kalimantan: The Haji Asan Sampit Airport in Sampit, East Kalimantan, had flight disruptions to and from the airport due to thick haze.

21 July – Batavia Air Flight Returned to Airport in Yogyakarta: At 0813 a Batavia Air aircraft en route from Yogyakarta to Batam returned to Adi Sucipto Airport after taking off due to a problem with electrical power. There were no passenger safety issues.

28 July – Garuda Pilots Have Short-lived Strike: Shortly after midnight negotiators for the Garuda Indonesia management and the Garuda Pilot Association reached a mutual agreement to end the pilot's strike. The negotiations were under the mediation of the Minister of State Owned Enterprises, Mustafa Abubakar. The strike resulted in several flight disruptions throughout the country. The dispute centered around pay differentials between national and expatriate pilots; the GPA was demanding equal pay to that of the expatriate pilots. Due to a shortage of local pilots, the airline was forced to employ about

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40 expatriate pilots on its staff of over 900 pilots. Expatriate pilots are paid accommodation benefits that local pilots don't receive.

28 July – Merpati Aircraft Hits Runway Light: A Merpati aircraft type MA-60 hit a runway light while taxiing at Komodo Airport, Labuan Bajo, East Nusa Tenggara. The aircraft had just arriving from Denpasar and was scheduled to leave for Maumere. The incident caused the runway light to be heavily damaged and the aircraft tire burst. According to the pilot, the cause of the incident was an over run whilst landing the aircraft. The 35 passengers were uninjured but the flight to Maumere was cancelled.

DRUG AND NARCO-TERRORISM INCIDENTS

11 July – Home Industry Drugs Raided: Police raided a villa in Puncak, Bogor, West Java, that was being used as a factory to produce crystal methamphetamine (shabu). Four people were arrested, hundreds of shabu making accessories, and 22 grams of shabu products were confiscated. The factory was managed by an inmate in Nusa Kambangan prison.

14 July – Police Arrest Three International Shabu Dealers in Jakarta: Police arrested three shabu dealers suspected of involvement in an international drug network in Jakarta. One suspect is a Malaysian who police claim has smuggled drugs from Malaysia. Eight kilograms of shabu worth Rp15 billion, dozens of ecstasy pills and foreign currency were confiscated.

17 July – Drugs House Raid in Bogor: Officials from the National Narcotics Board raided a house in Bukit Golf in Sentul, Bogor. The house was rented for three days and used to store ecstasy pills imported from the Netherlands through Batam, Riau Islands. The raid was conducted after officials arrested a dealer last Friday. Two people were arrested and 250 thousand ecstasy pills were confiscated.

28 July – Uganda Citizen Arrested for Drugs Smuggling: An Ugandan citizen was arrested in Ngurah Rai Airport, Denpasar, Bali, while allegedly attempting to smuggle 41 grams of shabu worth Rp2.3 million. Custom officials became suspicious of his behavior but couldn't find anything in his suitcase. They then noticed there was something odd with his stomach and took him to the hospital to do a CT scan and x-ray. It appeared the suspect had swallowed the shabu which had been put into capsules. It was reported on the way to the hospital he tried to bribe the officials with \$1,000, but the bribe was rejected. The money is under custody along with the other evidence.

MEDICAL INCIDENTS

6 July – Bird Flu in South Sulawesi: The Head of Sidrap Husbandry Agency M. Azis reported that 10,000 chickens were found dead from avian flu virus in Wanio, Lanrang, Bulo, Tanete villages in Panca Lautang District, Sidrap, South Sulawesi. They sprayed disinfectant in order to prevent further spreading of the virus.

Possible HIV-Contaminated Blood: The Indonesian Red Cross (PMI) set up a special team to investigate the deaths of two 11-year-old kids, who reportedly died after receiving blood transfusions allegedly contaminated with HIV at a state-run hospital in Medan, North Sumatra.

Illegally Smuggled Pharmaceuticals: About 20% of the imported medicines distributed in Indonesia were illegally smuggled into the country through a number of small ports, a Food and Drug Monitoring Agency (BPOM) official said.